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AC Power

- ✓ The design of this forecast station is to use AC power (5-volt) as primary power source.
- ✓ When operating with the AC power cord, the [backlight](#) can be on continually.
- ✓ When operating on AC power, batteries are optional and are not required in the forecast station.
- ✓ The [backlight](#) will turn off or operate at high or low intensity at your discretion.

Batteries

Explanation: Many problems are resolved with fresh batteries of the appropriate voltage. Many items sent in under warranty work when tested with fresh batteries. Batteries manufactured this year will have an expiration date 10 years (or more) in the future. Battery technology has improved and batteries will maintain voltage longer in storage. However, the environment the batteries reside in for the 10 years can deplete the power.

- ✓ We suggest name brand Alkaline batteries for **indoor displays**.
- ✓ Use Alkaline or Lithium batteries in the **outdoor sensors**.
- ✓ A minimum voltage of 1.48V for each battery is necessary for proper performance.
- ✓ Use batteries dated at least six years in advance of the current year. Batteries dated earlier than six years from now may still work, but may be unstable in performance.
- ✓ Good name brand batteries make less noise, which reduces the chance of RF (radio frequency) interference from the battery compartment.

Forecast Station Factory Restart

Explanation: The factory restart returns the forecast station and outdoor sensor to an “out-of-the-box” state and often resolves an issue.

Factory Restart:

1. Remove all power (batteries and AC) from outdoor sensor and forecast station.

2. Press one of the buttons on the forecast station at least 20 times to clear all memory.
 3. Verify that the forecast station is blank before proceeding (some lines are painted on and will not disappear).
 4. **Leave both units without power for 15 minutes** (very important).
 5. Insert the AC power cord into the wall outlet then into the forecast station.
 6. Insert fresh batteries into the outdoor sensor.
 7. Press the TX button on the outdoor sensor to transmit RF signal.
 8. Keep the outdoor sensor 5-10 feet from the forecast station.
 9. When RF connection is established, the temperature will appear on the station. Allow the outdoor sensor and forecast station to sit together for 15 minutes to establish a strong connection.
 10. Do not press buttons for 15 minutes.
- ✓ For optimum 433MHz transmission, place the outdoor sensor no more than 330 feet (100 meters, open air) from the forecast station.
 - ✓ See the section on [mounting](#) and [distance/resistance/interference](#) for details on mounting the outdoor sensor.

Outdoor Temperature Sensor

Compatible Outdoor Sensors

- ✓ The TX142THv3 outdoor sensor comes packaged with this forecast station.
- ✓ The TX14TH and TX142TH (all versions) (433MHz) outdoor sensors are compatible with this forecast station.

Quick Connect

Explanation: Use the quick connect for a forecast station and outdoor sensor that have been working but lost connection due to interference or low batteries. This is not the same as a thorough factory reset.

1. Bring the outdoor sensor, forecast station together inside, and place the units 5-10 feet apart with nothing between them.
 2. Hold the CH button on the forecast station. The outdoor temperature area will flash.
 3. Remove battery cover from the outdoor sensor and press and release the TX button to send the signal.
 4. Wait for 2 minutes for the outdoor temperature to appear on the forecast station.
- ✓ Factory Restart: If the above procedure does not work, please try the factory reset.

Outdoor Temperature Signal Strength

Explanation: The forecast station will search for the outdoor temperature/humidity outdoor sensor for 3 minutes after batteries are installed or when the CH button is held for 3 seconds.

- ✓ The antenna symbol will flash during reception.
- ✓ The temperature display will be dashes “---”.
- ✓ If synchronization fails once, the antenna will lose one bar.
- ✓ If synchronization fails twice, the antenna will lose two bars.
- ✓ If RF (radio frequency) reception fails five times, the antenna symbol will show without bars.
- ✓ The antenna will show full display with successful RF (radio frequency) reception.

Dashes show for Outdoor Temperature

Explanation: Dashes mean the connection is lost between the forecast station and the outdoor sensor.

- ✓ [Batteries](#) often resolve the connection.
- ✓ [Distance/Resistance](#) can cause loss of connection between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station.
- ✓ Turn the forecast station 90 degrees towards the outdoor sensor to provide better reception. This allows more antenna surface to face the outdoor sensor signal.
- ✓ Try the [quick connect](#) or [factory restart](#).

Power Requirements

- ✓ 2-AA [batteries](#) power the outdoor sensor.
- ✓ We recommend Alkaline batteries for the outdoor sensor.
- ✓ You may choose to use Lithium batteries for temperatures below -20°F/-28.8°C.

Inaccurate Outdoor Temperature Reading

Explanation: High outdoor temperature readings are generally a location issue. Low outdoor temperature readings are power related or a sensors going bad.

- ✓ The outdoor sensor reads the environment where it is mounted. When mounted inside the home, it will read inside temperature/humidity.
- ✓ When the outdoor sensor reads high during the day, but not at night, it is a [positioning](#) problem.
- ✓ Look for heat sources such as sunlight, door or window frames or reflected heat.

Side-by-side test: Bring the outdoor sensor in the house and place it next to the forecast station for 2 hours.

- ✓ Compare indoor and outdoor temperature. The temperatures should be within 4 degrees to be within tolerance.
- ✓ If the outdoor sensor reads correctly when next to the forecast station, try a different location outside.

Intermittent Outdoor Temperature/Humidity

Explanation: Intermittent problems are the hardest to resolve. RF (radio frequency) communication may come and go occasionally. This can be normal in some environments (e.g. moister climates). If outdoor sensor signal is lost, please wait 2-4 hours for the signal to reconnect on its own.

- ✓ Move the outdoor sensor to a closer location.
- ✓ [Distance/Resistance](#) can cause loss of outdoor sensor signal.
- ✓ Check [Batteries](#).

Freezer test: Confirm the forecast station is reading the correct outdoor sensor. Place the outdoor sensor in the freezer for an hour and watch the temperature drop on the forecast station.

Indoor distance test: Please complete the [Restart](#) with outdoor sensor and forecast station 5-10 feet apart and inside to establish a strong connection.

- ✓ After 15 minutes, if there is a reading in the outdoor temperature area, move the outdoor sensor to another room with one wall between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station.
- ✓ Observe to see if the temperature remains on consistently for 1 hour.

- ✓ If the temperature remains on while in the house, then it is likely a distance/resistance issue.
- ✓ Move the outdoor sensor to different locations outside to find a location where the temperature reading will hold.

Note: When outdoor temperature is reading but outdoor humidity is not, the humidity is out of range of the sensor.

Outdoor Temperature is stuck or HH.H, LL.L

Explanation: These symbols are error messages indicating the outdoor sensor is outside of its readable range.

- ✓ Check Batteries. Overpowered or underpowered batteries can cause this reading.
- ✓ Replace outdoor sensor.

Note: The last outdoor reading may remain (not change) for several hours when connection is lost. The outdoor temperature reading will flash when the connection is first lost or intermittent.

Outdoor sensor drains batteries quickly

- ✓ Test a new set of alkaline batteries. Write down the date of installation and the voltage of the batteries.
- ✓ When the batteries fail, please note the date and voltage again.
- ✓ Check the distance and resistance between the outdoor sensor and forecast station. Outdoor sensors at the end of the range may work while batteries are fresh but not after they drain a bit.
- ✓ Check for leaking batteries, which may damage the outdoor sensor.
- ✓ Battery life is over 24 months when using reputable battery brands for both Alkaline and Lithium batteries.

Outdoor sensor fell. The sensor no longer works

Explanation: If there is no physical damage to the outdoor sensor, the fall may not have caused internal damage. A fall can shock the outdoor sensor or the batteries in the outdoor sensor. Batteries that have fallen on a hard surface may be damaged and unable to function properly.

- ✓ Complete a Restart with fresh batteries.
- ✓ Use Batteries dated at least six years in advance of the current year. Batteries dated earlier than six years from now may still work, but may be unstable in performance.

Note: An outdoor sensor that has fallen into puddle, snow, or other standing water, will likely have water damage and needs to be replaced. Outdoor sensors are water resistant, not waterproof.

Replacement Outdoor Sensors

- ✓ Visit your local Retailer or La Crosse Technology® Store <http://store.lacrosstechnology.com/>
Note: Be sure to order the correct model and frequency to avoid receiving the incorrect item.
- ✓ Call La Crosse Technology® Store at **1008-785-7939** or e-mail from the store website if you are unsure about the correct item to order. Each item carries the original new product warranty and includes access to La Crosse Technology technical support.

MIN/MAX Temperature readings

Explanation: The forecast station shows the daily minimum and maximum temperatures each day starting at midnight (12:00 AM). The forecast station automatically resets the MIN/MAX temperatures at midnight (12:00 AM).

View Min/Max

- ✓ **MAX:** From a normal display press and release the MIN/MAX button once to view maximum temperature and humidity values for Indoor and Outdoor data. The word MAX will appear next to the indoor and outdoor temperature.
- ✓ **MIN:** From a normal display press and release the MIN/MAX button twice to view minimum temperature and humidity values for Indoor or Outdoor data. The word MIN will appear next to the indoor and outdoor temperature.

Reset Min/Max

Hold the MIN/MAX button for 5 seconds to manually reset all indoor and outdoor minimum and maximum values. (The forecast station automatically resets the min/max temperatures at midnight: 12:00 AM).

Note: If you are using multiple transmitters connected to the forecast station, all channels will reset at the same time.

Heat Index/Dew Point temperature

Heat Index:

- ✓ Heat Index combines the effects of heat and humidity.
- ✓ It is the apparent temperature of how hot it feels to a human being.
- ✓ As humidity increases, the body is unable to cool effectively.
- ✓ The temperature will feel warmer.

View Heat Index: From a normal display, press the HEAT/DEW button once and Heat Index will show instead of the outdoor ambient temperature.

Note: Heat index will be the same number as the temperature until the outdoor temperature is above 26.7°C (80°F).

Dew Point Temperature:

- ✓ Dew Point Temperature is the saturation point of the air, or the temperature to which the air has to cool in order to create condensation.
- ✓ The higher the dew points, the higher the moisture content of the air at a given temperature.

View Dew Point Temperature: From a normal display, press the HEAT/DEW button twice and Dew Point will show instead of the outdoor ambient temperature. The words “Dew Point” will show near outdoor temperatures.

Note: Dew Point is lower than the actual temperature.

Mounting/Positioning Outdoor sensor

First: Place the outdoor sensor in the desired shaded location and the forecast station in the home. Wait approximately 1 hour before permanently mounting the outdoor sensor to ensure that there is proper reception.

POSITION

- ✓ Mount outdoor temperature outdoor sensors **vertically**.
- ✓ Protect the outdoor sensor from standing rain or snow and from the overhead sun, which can cause it to read incorrectly.
- ✓ Mounting under an eave or deck rail works well.
- ✓ If you choose, you can construct a small roof or box for the outdoor sensor. Be sure a box has vents.
- ✓ Mount the outdoor sensor on the North side where to prevent sun from causing incorrect readings.
- ✓ Mount at least 6 feet in the air for a strong RF (radio frequency) signal.
- ✓ Outdoor sensors are water resistant, not waterproof.
- ✓ Avoid more than one wall between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station.
- ✓ The maximum transmitting range in open air is over 330 feet (100 meters).
- ✓ Obstacles such as walls, windows, stucco, concrete and large metal objects can reduce the range.
- ✓ Do not mount near electrical wires, transmitting antennas or other items that will interfere with the signal.
- ✓ RF (radio frequency) signals do not travel well through moisture or dirt.
- ✓ Do not mount the outdoor sensor on a metal fence. This significantly reduces the effective range.

MOUNT

Option 1:

- ✓ Install one mounting screw (not included) into a wall.
- ✓ Place the outdoor sensor onto the screw (hanging hole on the backside).
- ✓ Gently pull down to lock the screw in place.

Option 2:

- ✓ Insert the mounting screw through the front of the outdoor sensor and into the wall.
- ✓ Tighten the screw to snug (do not over tighten).

Position Forecast station

- ✓ The forecast station has a wide base to sit on a desk or table.
- ✓ Place within range of the outdoor sensor.
- ✓ The maximum transmitting range in open air is 330 feet (100 meters).
- ✓ Obstacles such as walls, windows, stucco, concrete and large metal objects can reduce the range.
- ✓ Choose a location 6 feet or more from electronics such as cordless phones, wireless gaming systems, televisions, microwaves, routers, baby monitors, etc., which can prevent signal reception.
- ✓ Be aware of electrical wires and plumbing within a wall. This will interfere with RF (radio frequency) signal reception.

Distance/Resistance/Interference

Distance:

- ✓ The maximum transmitting range in open air is over 330 feet (100 meters) between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station. This range is in open air with ideal conditions.
- ✓ Consider what is in the signal path between the forecast station and the outdoor sensor.
- ✓ Avoid placing electronic in the signal path between the forecast station and the outdoor sensor.

Resistance:

- ✓ Obstacles such as walls, windows, stucco, concrete and large metal objects can reduce the range.

- ✓ When considering the distance between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station (330 feet open air), cut that distance in half for each wall, window, tree, bush or other obstruction in the signal path.
- ✓ Closer is better.
- ✓ Windows reflect the RF (radio frequency) signal.
- ✓ Metal absorbs the signal and reduces the range.
- ✓ Stucco has a metal mesh that absorbs the signal.
- ✓ Do not mount the outdoor sensor on a metal fence. This significantly reduces the effective range.

Interference:

- ✓ Consider items in the signal path between the outdoor sensor and the forecast station.
- ✓ Sometimes a simple relocation of the outdoor sensor or the forecast station will correct the interference.
- ✓ Windows can reflect the radio signal.
- ✓ Metal will absorb the RF (radio frequency) signal.
- ✓ Stucco has a metal mesh that absorbs signal.
- ✓ Avoid transmitting antennas: (ham radios, emergency dispatch centers, airports, military bases, etc.)
- ✓ Electrical wires (utilities, cable, etc.)
- ✓ Vegetation is full of moisture and reduces signal.
- ✓ It is difficult for RF (radio frequency) signal to travel through a hill.

Channels

The Weather Station will accommodate up to three remote [outdoor transmitters](#). The channel selection (CH) button on the Weather Station allows you to see the temperature in various locations: outdoors, baby's room, greenhouse, basement, etc.

- ✓ Press and release the CH button to view channel 1, 2 or 3 on the display when multiple transmitters are used.

Note: You cannot change channels if only one transmitter is connected.

CHANNEL SCROLL- Press and release the CH button until you see the word AUTO appear in the outdoor data area. The display will automatically rotate through the channels for all connected transmitters.

- ✓ Press and release the CH button to lock the display into one channel.
- ✓ Then view channels individually with a press of the CH button.

Multiple Outdoor Transmitters

To connect multiple remote transmitters to the Weather Station:

- ✓ Remove the battery cover from all the transmitters (leave off for setup).
- ✓ Set the **first** outdoor transmitter to channel 1 and insert 2-AA batteries.
- ✓ Set the **second** outdoor transmitter to channel 2 and insert 2-AA batteries.
- ✓ Set the **third** outdoor transmitter to channel 3 and insert 2-AA batteries.
- ✓ Press and hold CH button on Weather Station until a beep sounds.
- ✓ The Weather Station will search for all outdoor transmitters.
- ✓ Press the TX button on the back of each outdoor transmitter to transmit RF (radio frequency) signal.
- ✓ When RF (radio frequency) connection is established, the respective temperature & humidity of the selected channels will appear on the main unit.
- ✓ Allow the transmitters and the Weather Station to stay 5-10 feet apart for 15 minutes to establish a solid connection.
- ✓ Install the battery covers on each sensor.

- ✓ After 15 minutes, place the remote transmitters in appropriate locations within range of the display.
- ✓ Press and release the CH button to view channel 1, 2 or 3 on the display when multiple transmitters are used.

Forecast Station

How tall are the time numbers?

- The time numbers are 0.79 inches tall.

Power Requirements

- ✓ This forecast station is powered by a 5 volt AC power adapter
- ✓ Alternatively, optional 3-AA alkaline batteries may be used.

12-Hour or 24-Hour time format

- ✓ Time can display in 12-hour (am, pm) or 24-hour format.
- ✓ Default is 12-hour time.
- ✓ Use the Program Menu to switch time formats.

Fahrenheit/Celsius

- ✓ To switch between Fahrenheit and Celsius, press and release the $-^{\circ}\text{C}/^{\circ}\text{F}$ button.

Backlight

AC adapter: The backlight is on continuously when operating the Forecast Station with the 5-volt AC adapter.

Note: When the AC adapter is NOT in use, the HI/LOW/OFF light feature is not available.

- ✓ The backlight will automatically go dark when the forecast station is searching for a WWVB time signal.
- ✓ The backlight will return after the 2-10 minute search.
- ✓ The WWVB signal search will occur during setup and automatically during the late night or early morning hours.
- ✓ Press and release the LIGHT HI/LO button to be sure the backlight was not on dim.
- ✓ Hold the LIGHT HI/LO button to be sure the backlight was not off.
- ✓ Check that the a/c cord is correctly inserted into the forecast station and outlet. The backlight will not show constantly on battery power.

Note: When the backlight is off, press any button to activate the backlight for 10 seconds.

Battery power: When operating on battery power only, press and release the any button and the backlight will show for 10 seconds.

Dashes, HH.H, LL.L or stuck Indoor Temperature/Humidity

Explanation: These symbols are error messages indication the indoor sensor is outside of its readable range. For indoor readings, this is generally a power related issue.

- ✓ Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered. Remove power from the forecast station.

- ✓ Press any button 20 times. Leave the forecast station unpowered for 1-2 hours.
- ✓ Install the AC cord or fresh Alkaline batteries with correct polarity.
- ✓ If the indoor temperature is still shows dashes, HH.H or LL.L, the forecast station may need replacement.

Inaccurate Indoor Temperature Reading

Explanation: When the indoor temperature is inaccurate, it is often due to the location of the display or overpowered/under powered batteries. You can test the accuracy at you home.

Side-by-side test: Bring the outdoor sensor in the house and place it next to the forecast station for 2 hours.

- ✓ Compare indoor and outdoor temperature. The temperature should be within 4 degrees to be within tolerance.
- ✓ Look for heat sources such as sunlight, door or window frames or reflected heat or cold near the forecast station.

Check [batteries](#).

Set Time Alarm

In normal mode, hold the TIME ALARM button for three seconds to enter alarm set mode.

- ✓ ALARM HOUR: Press and hold the ALARM button to enter alarm time setting mode. The Alarm Hour will flash. Use the +/RCC or -/°F/°C button to set the Hour. Press and release the ALARM button.
- ✓ ALARM MINUTE: The Alarm Minutes will flash. Use the +/RCC or -/°F/°C button to set the Minutes. Press and release the ALARM button to exit.

Note: When no buttons are pressed for ten seconds, the forecast station will save the last change and default back to normal mode

Activate/Deactivate time alarm

ACTIVATE:

- ✓ From the time mode, press and release the ALARM button once to show Alarm Time.
- ✓ With the Alarm time showing, press and release the ALARM button to activate the alarm.
- ✓ The alarm icon (bell) appears when alarm is activated.

DEACTIVATE:

- ✓ From the time mode, press and release the ALARM button once to show Alarm Time.
- ✓ With the Alarm time showing, press and release the ALARM button to deactivate the alarm.
- ✓ The alarm icon will disappear when alarm deactivates.

Snooze Alarm

- ✓ When the alarm sounds, press the SNOOZE button to trigger snooze alarm for 9 minutes.
- ✓ The snooze icon Zz will flash when the snooze feature is active.
- ✓ To stop alarm for one day, press AL button, while in snooze mode.
- ✓ The alarm icon (bell) will remain solid.

Time is off by hours

- ✓ Check to see if the WWVB Tower icon appears on the Weather Station. If not, the Weather Station has not received a WWVB time signal in the past 24-hours.
- ✓ Reposition the Weather Station with the front or back facing Colorado.
- ✓ Check that the Time Zone selected correctly reflects your location. Adjust the time zone in the Program Menu.
- ✓ Check that the DST indicator is correct for your location (most areas observe DST so this should be ON). Adjust the DST indicator in the Program Menu.

No WWVB tower icon

- ✓ The Weather Station has not received a WWVB time signal in the past 24-hours.
- ✓ Position the Weather Station for better reception.
- ✓ Be sure you have good batteries in the Weather Station or that the a/c cord is properly attached.
- ✓ Hold the +/RCC button to send the Weather Station on a signal search at night.
- ✓ Allow up to 5 nights to receive the time signal.

Manually Set Time/Date: Program Menu

PROGRAM MENU: The SET button will move through the program menu.
The +/RCC or -/°C/°F button will change the value.

- ✓ WWVB ON/OFF: Hold the SET button 5 seconds and **WWVB** and the word **ON** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to turn this to OFF if you do not wish WWVB reception. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item
- ✓ TIME ZONE: **EST** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select a different Time Zone:
 - AST=Atlantic
 - EST= Eastern
 - CST= Central
 - MST= Mountain
 - PST= Pacific
 - AKT= Alaska
 - HAT=Hawaiian
- ✓ Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME: **DST** will flash and the word **ON**. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to turn this to OFF if you do not observe DST. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ 12/24 HOUR TIME: **12H** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select 24H. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ HOUR: The **hour** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select the correct hour. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ MINUTES: The **minutes** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select the correct minutes. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ YEAR: The **year** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select the correct year. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ MONTH: The **month** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select the correct month. Confirm with the SET button and move to the next item.
- ✓ DATE: The **date** will flash. Press and release the +/RCC or -/°C/°F button to select the correct date. Confirm with the SET button and exit the program menu

- ✓ Note: The Day of the Week will set automatically once the year, month and date are set.

FAHRENHEIT/CELSIUS: Press and release the -/°C/°F button once to switch from Celsius to Fahrenheit temperature display.

USB Charge Port

Explanation: The forecast station has an integrated USB charging port (on back) that will charge a device when the forecast station is plugged into a power outlet.

Note: This is a power-output charging port. It does not supply power to the projection alarm.

- ✓ Connect your external device's USB charging cable (not included) to the USB charging port.
- ✓ Charging times will vary.
- ✓ USB Power Output: 1A maximum current.
- ✓ Charge 1A devices or devices that are self-regulating.

Note: Some USB cables are for data transfer only and cannot be used for charging. Make sure that the USB cable you use will charge your device. Most USB cables included with mobile devices will work for charging.

Note: Many devices may require more power to charge than provided by this forecast station.

Forecast Icons Inaccurate

THIS FORECAST STATION LEARNS OVER TIME!

Please allow 3-4 weeks for barometer calibration to generate an accurate forecast.

IMPORTANT: As the Forecast Station builds memory, it will compare the current average pressure to the past forty day average pressure for increased accuracy. The longer the Forecast Station operates in one location, the more accurate the forecast icons will be.

Weather Forecast Icons: This Forecast Station has five forecast icons that predict the weather condition of the next 12-hours based on the change of atmospheric pressure.

- ✓ Sunny
- ✓ Partly Cloudy
- ✓ Cloudy
- ✓ Rainy
- ✓ Stormy

The icons forecast the weather in terms of getting better or worse and not necessarily sunny or rainy, as each icon indicates.

The weather forecast is about 70-75% correct. As weather conditions cannot be 100% correctly forecasted we are not responsible for any loss caused by an incorrect forecast.

Forecast station is dim

Explanation: Most forecast stations have a gray background. Place the forecast station at eye level, to determine if it is dim. Forecast stations that sit in the sunlight can develop a cloudy film over time.

- ✓ This is generally a power related issue.
- ✓ Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered. Remove batteries from forecast station.
- ✓ Press any button 20 times. Leave the forecast station unpowered for 1-2 hours.
- ✓ Install fresh alkaline batteries with correct polarity.

Forecast station has distorted or frozen display

Explanation: On a brand new forecast station, check for thin plastic film of **printed scratch guard** that may be on the screen of the forecast station. This thin piece of plastic has printed numbers for store displays. When the batteries are installed, the “real” numbers show behind the printed scratch guard and create distortion.

- ✓ With all power removed, the forecast station should be blank.
- ✓ If numbers still appear, please check for scratch guard.

Power:

- ✓ Check that the batteries are installed correctly.
- ✓ This is generally a power related issue.
- ✓ Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered.
- ✓ Remove batteries from forecast station.
- ✓ Press any button 20 times. Leave the batteries out of the display for 2 hours.
- ✓ Insert batteries into the forecast station.

Forecast station is blank: No letters, numbers or dashed lines

- ✓ Check that the batteries are installed correctly.
- ✓ Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered.
- ✓ Remove batteries from forecast station.
- ✓ Press any button 20 times. Leave the batteries out of the display for 2 hours.
- ✓ Insert batteries into the forecast station.

Forecast station drains batteries quickly

- ✓ Test a new set of alkaline batteries. Write down the date of installation and the voltage of the batteries.
- ✓ When the batteries fail, please note the date and voltage again. This is helpful in determining the problem.
- ✓ Check for leaking batteries, which may damage the forecast station.
- ✓ Battery life is over 12 months when using reputable battery brands.

Forecast station has missing segments

Explanation: When parts of numbers, letters, or pictures are missing on the display, it is often power related.

- ✓ Batteries may be overpowered or underpowered. Remove batteries from forecast station.
- ✓ Press any button 20 times. Leave the forecast station unpowered for 1-2 hours.
- ✓ Install fresh alkaline batteries with correct polarity.